



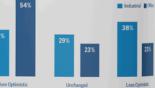


States or North America

### A Message from Guild Board Chair Michelle Comerford

Corporate location strategy has entered a new era charactered by the overarching themes of risk, readiness and reputation My Guild colleagues reveal an industry split between optimism an office market recovery and inbound FDI (foreign direct investment) manufacturing investment - and caution based on potential "project paralysis," driven by unprecedented tariffchun, tightening energy and grid constraints, workforce shortages and alignment, and the politicization of projects and incentives. The common thread: Traditional one-path location playbooks to longer suffice. Scenario planning, reputational risk screening and

## Outlook on the State of Site Selection - Sentiment Change Since 2024



During the last year, tariffs, global policy volatility and resource- and cost-optimization strategies have impacted the global site selection landscape profoundly. As we think about the new normal of location decisions, certain factors are top of mind among

- Tariff and policy volatility has shifted many strategies to multiscenario contingency planning: Some projects are paused or delayed; others have accelerated to preempt
- \* Power scarcity and grid timelines now rival "bridge power" are moving from nice-to-have to required elements of a location strategy.
- Site readiness and speed to market are nonnegotiable factors for an expanding set and beverage.
- Workforce availability and other talent considerations — despite infrastructure dominating the headlines - maintains its critical importance in location decisions once viable sites are identified.
- Risk and reputation have entered the business case for or against many locations: The political climate, permitting posture, exposure of the Committee on Foreign

Investment in the United States (CFIUS) and community acceptance — NIMBY-ism — can tip otherwise sound operational cost models.

These trends have, at best, the potential

to influence projects and, at worst, derail projects, regardless of the industry or function. The Site Selectors Guild is again reflecting on the current state of the industry and how current events and changing priorities have impacted and will continue to impact corporate-location decisions. Through the challenges and opportunities outlined in this report, our goal is to help prepare and development organizations about the best ways to respond and react to an ever-changing

As my Guild colleagues and their respective firms navigate these uncertainties, we will continue to rely on using objective, data-driven and process-oriented approaches that account for the specific and fundamental needs of our clients but in tandem with these global trends. Our goal has always been clear: to mitigate all forms of risk for not only our clients but also for the communities in which they're investing. We hope the 2025 edition of "The State of Site Selection" helps prepare and educate corporate executives and our valued economic development organization partners.

Sincerely, Michelle Comerford Site Selectors Guild Board Chair





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The amount of NIMBY-ism and opposition to just about any sort of development is at a level that I've never seen before

 Chris Lloyd, Senior Vice President and Director, McGuireWo Consulting

# Reputation, Politics and Community Acceptance

### THE GUILD'S TAKE

- NIMBY-ism has become mainstream, regardless of sector function, and community-level opposition is no longerconined to controversial industries or large-scale projects.
- Guild members are increasingly asked to assess political legal stability, incentive reliability and what practitioners of a "social license to operate." The most-sophisticated approaches include implementing early and quiet pulse-checks with loal leaders on project fit and tracking reputation risk factor throughout the due diligence process.
- EDOs have been forced to reimagine their role as single project facilitators to sophisticated community-engagement professionals.

No longer widely accepted is the traditional assumption the communities universally welcome economic developmer. That assumption, originally an economic transaction between companies and local governments, has evolved finto acorpie social negotiation in which a community's acceptance can also break even the most economically attractive projects. The question companies now ask has shifted from "What will the cost?" to "Will we be welcome?" This transformation represts a significant change in location strategy and decisions, as reputational risk scoring has become standard practice and a community's resistance increasingly determines project feasibility.

Community-level opposition is no longer confined to controversial industries or large-scale projects. Guild metes report that discussions about a "political environment with the state and the community" now occur "almost always.

#### FIGURE 14

Agreement with the Statement TriMSF ism is at an All-Time High and is Impacting Site selection and Economic Development Strategies.
() = don't agree, 5 + completely agree)



regardless of sector or project type," which is a dramatic change from only five years ago. This change prepenents a shift in which a community's acceptance has become a universal consideration rather than a sector-specific concern. The phenomenon has spread internationally, with European projects facing cross-border complications as "one country's opposition often pushes projects closer to neighboring borders."

While all sectors are experiencing community pushback, different project types are facing different types of resistance and might require different engagement strategies to convince stakeholders of a project's value. Data centers face backlash over water usage and electricity rate impacts, and residents who live in certain data center-intensive areas are feeling "hemmed in by the structures themselves." Foreign investment projects, particularly from China, encounter political scrutiny layered

on top of traditional NIMBY concerns due to ongoing trade tensions. Industrial projects face the classic concerns about environmental impact, pollution, noise, traffic and visual landscape but with heightened community awareness and organization compared to previous decades.

As projects face increasing public scrutiny, companies now routinely ask Guild members to include weighted scores for policy stability, social acceptance, and litigation and permitting exposure in their locational models. This assessment and formalization of community acceptance reflects the recognition that community opposition can derail projects, regardless of their economic merits. Guild members are increasingly asked to assess political and legal stability, incentive reliability and what practitioners call 'social license to opporate.'

According to Larry Gigerich, the passage of the Big Beautiful Bill and the permanency of tax cuts provide more clarity on what the U.S. market will look like in the future. Despite the uncertainty of tariffs, he said the amount of activity with European-based companies considering the United States is as high as he can remember during the last 10 to 15 years. He encourages our economic development partners to continue focusing on the fundamentals.

"The United States continues to be the safest place to invest and typically, its intellectual property protections are the best," Gigerich said. "Continue those blocking and tackling fundamentals as an economic development professional to have your area be well-prepared, competitive and moving forward."

Because of the current policy's volatility, Guild members report having to adapt their — or even adopt new —risk assessment methodologies. Traditional location-decision models typically rely on historical patterns, but current U.S. and global policies have created an environment of 'unknown unknowns." This environment has forced consultants to evaluate the impact of federal policies as a probability distribution rather than a fixed assumption, which requires parallel planning and multiple scenarios for potential futures.

97%

Of industrial-focused Guild members agree or strongly agree that uncertainty around tariffs is significantly impacting location decisions.



#### FIGURE 6

Industrial Sector: Impact of Federal Policies in the Site Selection Process
() = strongly disagree, 5 = strongly agree)

Uncertainty around tariffs is significantly				(2)	
impacting corporate location decisions, reading to adjustments in supply chains and a revaluation of manufacturing footprints.					4.5
The political climate of a country, state/province or metro will impact					3.9
talent-attraction efforts.  North American manufacturers are		_		50	
increasingly bringing production back to the inted States, Canada and Mexico/Latin America because of the uncertainty around tariffs.	i di		_		3.1
Companies are increasingly trying to match their corporate values with the social and/ or political dimate of the locations they are considering for new or expanded facilities.					3.0
There is a great deal of "chatter" around recent legislation and political climate, but few companies are weighting it differently during the location process.		14			2.5



I was not considering other countries like Asia or even Canada very of Now I am because of the tariffs. We actually lost two projects in the latthree months because they said the U.S. was not their best option, given the tariff uncertainty.

- Taylor Gravois, Principal, CSF



# Power Supply and the Speed-to-Market Premium

#### THE GUILD'S TAKE

The most-pervasive theme cited in the research is the contact volatility in tariff policies, which creates what Guild members and other industry professionals describe as "regulatory whiplash"

- More than 52 percent of Guild members cite utility and infrastructure capacity as a major concern. The electrical gid is at or near capacity in many markets, and transmission delay of four or more years are a common occurrence.
- Because the competition for power has intensified betwee data centers and manufacturing projects, communities must have sites immediately available with adequate infrastructur to meet the demands and to ensure diversification.
- Bring Your Own Power (BYOP) has entered the lexicon when making location decisions, with on-site and adjacent generation — such as solar, engines, hydrogen fuel cells and exploratory small modular reactors (SMRs) — being used to derisk energy transmission and capacity challenges.

An unprecedented energy crisis has disrupted the traditional sizselection process. The previously straightforward considerates of ensuring adequate power supply has evolved into the primary constraint that shapes corporate location decisions. The convergence of expanding Al-driven data centers, reshoring manufacturing and an aging grid infrastructure has created perfect storm that is forcing companies to rethink how they approach sits selection.

More than half of Guild members cite utility and infrastructural capacity as the top factor impacting location decisions, with electrical grids at or near capacity in many markets. The situation has become

so severe that transmission delays of four years or more are commonplace. This scenario isn't a temporary bottleneck it represents a mismatch between growing demand and infrastructure capacity that took decades to build. The crisis now includes concerns for permitting, for grid reliability and for electrical improvements being indefinitely delayed. Although the United States is not the only option for industrial projects to site, it is often the most-inexpensive site for power needs. For energy-intensive projects, "energy is going to be five times cheaper in the U.S. compared to Europe," according to Guild member Matthijs Weeink. But for labor-intensive projects that require less energy, clients are considering such peripheral locations as Turkey, Morocco and Egypt.

#### FIGURE 7

Industrial Projects: Agreement with Statements on Utility and Infrastructure Requirements (1 = don't agree, 5 = completely agree)

